

R15

Code No: 126VK

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD

B. Tech III Year II Semester Examinations, July - 2023

DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING
(Electronics and Communication Engineering)

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

- Note:** i) Question paper consists of Part A, Part B.
ii) Part A is compulsory, which carries 25 marks. In Part A, Answer all questions.
iii) In Part B, Answer any one question from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks and may have a, b as sub questions.

PART - A

(25 Marks)

- 1.a) Find the period of $x(n) = \cos [8\pi n/7 + 2]$. [2]
- b) Given $x[n] = (0.5)^n u[n]$, find the signals z-transform $X(z)$ and the corresponding ROC. [3]
- c) Compare Over-Lap add method and Over-Lap save method. [2]
- d) Find the DTFT of the sequence $x(n) = a^n u(n)$. [3]
- e) Explain warping effect. [2]
- f) Draw the direct form structure of IIR. [3]
- g) Compare IIR and FIR filter. [2]
- h) Show that the $h(n) = [-1, 0, 1]$ is a linear phase filter. [3]
- i) What are the quantization error due to finite word length register in digital filter? [2]
- j) Draw a labelled block diagram of a unity-gain multirate signal processing system that converts an input signal with sampling frequency 8 kHz to an output signal with sampling frequency 12 kHz. [3]

PART - B

(50 Marks)

2. A discrete time system can be a) Static or Dynamic b) Linear or nonlinear c) Time invariant or time varying d) Causal or Non-Causal e) Stable or unstable. Examine the system $y(n) = x(-n+2)$ with respect to the properties mentioned in the question. [10]

OR

3. Realize the system $y(n) = 3/4 y(n-1) - 1/8 y(n-2) + x(n) + 1/3 x(n-1)$, using cascade form and parallel form. [10]

- 4.a) What do you mean by Radix-2 FFT? Draw the basic butterfly diagram of radix -2 FFT.
b) Compute an 8-point DFT using DIF FFT radix -2 algorithm. $x(n) = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8\}$. [4+6]

OR

5. $x(n) = \{0.5, 0.5, 0.5, 0.5, 0, 0, 0, 0\}$. Compute the DFT of the sequence using the in-place radix 2 DIF-FFT algorithm. [10]

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6. Determine $H(Z)$ using impulse invariant technique for the analog transfer function $(s) = H(S) = 1/ (S+1)(S+2)$. Assume $T=1$ sec. [10]

OR

7. Design an analog Butterworth filter that satisfies the following constraints: [10]
 $0.9 \leq |H(j\Omega)| \leq 1, 0 \leq \Omega \leq 0.2\pi$
 $|H(j\Omega)| \leq 0.2, 0.4\pi \leq \Omega \leq \pi$

8. Describe the design of FIR filter using frequency sampling technique. [10]

OR

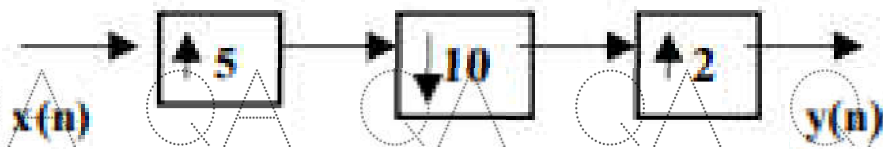
9. Design an ideal High Pass Filter the frequency of $H_d(e^{j\omega}) = 1$ for, $\pi/4 \leq |\omega| \leq \pi$
 $= 0$ for $|\omega| \leq \pi/4$ [10]
Using Hanning window with $N=11$.

10. Discuss the steps involved in converting sampling rate by a factor of I/D . [10]

OR

11.a) Determine the characteristics of a limit cycle oscillation with respect to the system described by the difference equation $y(n) = 0.95y(n-1) + x(n)$. Determine the dead band of the filter, when $x(n) = +0.875$ for $n=0$ and $y(-1)=0$. Assume 4 bit sign magnitude representation.

b) Develop an expression for $y(n)$ as a function of $x(n)$ for the given multirate system: [5+5]



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